## United States Government FY 02 Trade Capacity Building Assistance (\$US)

## **URUGUAY**

Activity Title	Activity Description	TCB Category	FY 02 Total
TA for International Food Safety  FY02 Total U	In November 2001, the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA) presented a seminar on FDA's Approach to Microbial Risk Analysis and conducted a short workshop on methods and models for risk analysis/exposure assessment. The activity was presented to government, industry and academia in Montevideo. The activity was sponsored by FAO and the Latin America and Caribbean Section of AOAC International. The workshop's purpose was to introduce approaches and applications of risk analysis and provide recommendations on how it can be used as a risk management tool. FDA has a long history of working with foreign government organizations to strengthen the scientific, technical or regulatory expertise in other countries. These activities have usually been initiated by foreign governments, but they have also been initiated by FDA to respond to particular issues. FDA's intent in these activities has been to strengthen the overall regulatory and enforcement infrastructure in these countries in order to enhance public health worldwide and to help ensure the viability of the regulatory systems that govern and oversee FDA-regulated products produced in foreign countries and exported to the United States. The activities have the net effect of enhancing the developing countries' abilities to meet U.S. food safety standards, thereby improving market access opportunities in the United States for their food and agricultural products. Funded and implemented by Food and Drug Administration.	Agreement on SPS	2,000
F 102 Total USG Trade Capacity Building Assistance to UNUGUAY			2,000

Source: USG Trade Capacity Building Database, http://qesdb.cdie.org/tcb/index.html, USAID Development Information Services.